§57.8

§ 57.8 Tax treatment of fee.

- (a) Treatment as an excise tax. The fee is treated as an excise tax for purposes of subtitle F (sections 6001–7874). Thus, references in subtitle F to "taxes imposed by this title," "internal revenue tax," and similar references, are also references to the fee. For example, the fee is assessed (section 6201), collected (sections 6301, 6321, and 6331), enforced (section 7602), and subject to examination and summons (section 7602) in the same manner as taxes imposed by the Code.
- (b) Deficiency procedures. The deficiency procedures of sections 6211-6216 do not apply to the fee.
- (c) Limitation on assessment. The IRS must assess the amount of the fee for any fee year within three years of September 30th of that fee year.
- (d) Application of section 275. The fee is treated as a tax described in section 275(a)(6) (relating to taxes for which no deduction is allowed).

§57.9 Refund claims.

Any claim for a refund of the fee must be made by the entity that paid the fee to the government and must be made on Form 843, "Claim for Refund and Request for Abatement," in accordance with the instructions for that form.

§ 57.10 Effective/applicability date.

Sections 57.1 through 57.9 apply to any fee that is due on or after September 30, 2014.

§ 57.6302-1 Method of paying the health insurance providers fee.

- (a) Fee to be paid by electronic funds transfer. Under the authority of section 6302(a), the fee imposed on covered entities engaged in the business of providing health insurance for United States health risks under section 9010 and \$57.4 must be paid by electronic funds transfer as defined in \$31.6302–1(h)(4)(i) of this chapter, as if the fee were a depository tax. For the time for paying the fee, see \$57.7.
- (b) Effective/Applicability date. This section applies with respect to any fee that is due on or after September 30, 2014.

PART 141—TEMPORARY EXCISE TAX REGULATIONS UNDER THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974

§ 141.4975–13 Definition of "amount involved" and "correction".

Until superseded by permanent regulations under sections 4975(f) (4) and (5), §53.4941(e)-1 of this chapter (Foundation Excise Tax Regulations) will be controlling to the extent such regulations describe terms appearing both in section 4941(e) and section 4975(f). Because of the need for immediate guidance with respect to the provisions contained in this Treasury decision, it is found impracticable to issue it with notice and public procedure thereon under subsection (b) of section 553 of title 5 of the United States Code or subject to the effective date limitation of subsection (d) of that section.

(Sec. 7805 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805))

[T.D. 7425, 41 FR 32890, Aug. 6, 1976, as amended by T.D. 8084, 51 FR 16305, May 2, 1986]

PART 143—TEMPORARY EXCISE TAX REGULATIONS UNDER THE TAX REFORM ACT OF 1969

Sec.

143.1 [Reserved]

143.2 Taxes on self-dealing; scholarship and fellowship grants by private foundations. 143.3–143.4 [Reserved]

143.5 Taxes on self-dealing; indirect transactions by a private foundation.

143.6 Election to shorten the period during which certain excess business holdings of private foundations are treated as permitted holdings.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 7805, 68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805.

§143.1 [Reserved]

§143.2 Taxes on self-dealing; scholarship and fellowship grants by private foundations.

(a) In general. Section 4941(d)(1)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as added by section 101(b) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 (83 Stat. 500) provides that the term "self-dealing" includes